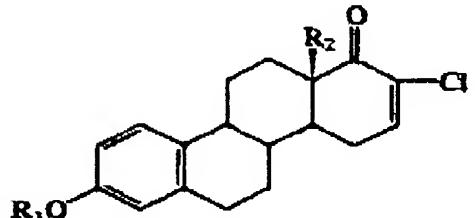


**Amendments to the Specification:**

Please add the following material to the specification on page 13, first line.

The compounds of formula I can be prepared by a process characterized in that a 17-chloro-1,3,5(10),16-tetraene-17-one of general formula II



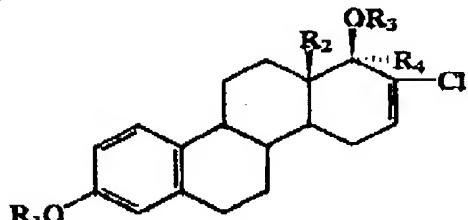
(II)

in which

R<sub>1</sub> means a hydrogen atom, a C<sub>1-5</sub> alkyl radical, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkanoyl radical or benzoyl radical,

R<sub>2</sub> means C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group,

is converted with a magnesium-organic reagent of general formula BrMg alkyl, BrMg alkenyl or BrMg alkynyl or with acetylene or an alkyl- or aryl-substituted acetylene in the presence of bases such as tert-BuOK or with a lithium-organic compound such as LiC<sub>2</sub>F<sub>5</sub>, or with a silicon-organic compound such as trifluoromethyl trimethylsilane into a 17αα-substituted compound of general formula III,



(III)

in which

R<sub>1</sub> is a hydrogen atom, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl radical, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkanoyl radical or a benzoyl radical,

R<sub>2</sub> is a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group,

R<sub>3</sub> is a hydrogen atom, a metal atom or a silyl group, and

R<sub>4</sub> is a hydrogen atom, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group, a C<sub>n</sub>F<sub>2n+1</sub> group, in which n=1, 2 or

3, or a C≡CR<sub>5</sub> group, in which R<sub>5</sub> is a hydrogen atom, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl radical or an unsubstituted or substituted phenyl radical,

whereby in the case of R<sub>5</sub> = hydrogen, the free 17α-ethinyl compound of general formula III is further modified by a SONAGASHIRA reaction to form compounds with R<sub>5</sub> = C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>R<sub>6</sub>, in which R<sub>6</sub> stands for a free or substituted hydroxyl group, amino group, thiol group, sulfamate group, sulfonyl group or a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group or C<sub>6-12</sub> aryl group.

In another aspect, the compounds of formula III in which R<sub>1</sub> is a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl radical, are converted by ether cleavage into the free hydroxyl group.

In another aspect, the compounds of formula III, in which R<sub>1</sub> is an acyl radical, are converted by ether cleavage into the free hydroxyl groups.

In another aspect, the compounds of formula III, in which R<sub>3</sub> is a hydrogen atom, are converted into ethers or esters.